PN Administration **CHECKLIST**



The **American Society for Parenteral and Enteral Nutrition** (A.S.P.E.N.) champions the best evidence-based practices that support parenteral nutrition therapy in varying age populations and disease states. The appropriate use of this complex therapy aims to maximize clinical benefit while minimizing the potential risks for adverse events.

The purpose of this checklist is to promote safe practices by nurses administering parenteral nutrition.

☐ Perform hand hygiene	☐ Initiate PN infusion
☐ Use sterile technique when manipulating vascular access device	Use appropriate size filter on distal end of tubing
 ☐ Inspect PN container, check for: ☐ Integrity of container: no defects or leaks present ☐ No visible particles or precipitates ☐ No oiling, streaking, clumping, or separation 	 □ Spike container □ Prime tubing □ Set infusion pump settings using double check □ Trace catheter system to point of origin □ Disinfect needleless adapter on VAD hub
 Confirm correct formulation, check for: □ Patient's name on label □ Match all components listed on the label against the PN order □ Route of administration (central vs peripheral) □ Documentation of proper VAD tip placement □ Start time □ Infusion rate with taper if appropriate □ Beyond use date and time 	☐ Connect PN to patient ☐ Initiate PN infusion at prescribed rate ☐ Initiate monitoring protocol which includes: ☐ Patient response ☐ Glucose monitoring ☐ Serial weights ☐ Intake and Output ☐ Bloodwork ☐ Vital signs
 □ Verify patient identification □ Confirm patient identity using two identifiers □ Inspect armband (not applicable in home care) 	



For full recommendations, rationale, and references, go to Ayers P, Adams S, Boullata J, Gervasio J, Holcombe B, Kraft M, et al. A.S.P.E.N. Parenteral Nutrition Safety Consensus Recommendations.

JPEN J Parenter Enteral Nutr. 2013.

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