

A.S.P.E.N.'s National Patient Registry for Nutrition Care

Critical Elements Only - Baseline Forms for Adults Data Collection Tools © A.S.P. E N.

= critical element

Patient Information Form
● Today's date (mm/dd/year)
●New PN PatientExisting PN Patient
Attending Physician's Name
Discharging Institution Name
● PN Home Infusion Care Provider Name
● Patient Birth Date (mm/dd/yr)
●Gender: Male Female
● Date began Home PN (mm/dd/year)
● Ethnic Category: Hispanic or Latino Not Hispanic or Latino
 ■ Racial Categories (select all that apply) American Indian/Alaska Native Asian Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander Black or African American White Other
● Insurance Coverage (check all that apply) Private Insurance Medicare Medicaid Personal Payment Medicare Supplement Other (Specify)

Baseline Nutritional Status

	Baseline Nutrition	Information
•	Height cm Length for Infants or be	dbound children:cm
	If extrapolated, please explain a	nd indicate method used:
● Usual V	Veight Ka (prior to illness). When d	id the patient weigh this amount? date
Current V	(µ	a the patient weight the amount.
Current v	Veight LKg	
	Current Labs	
	Date Labs Collected:	mm/dd/yr (date closest to most lab draws)
	Serum Albuming/dL	
	Platelet Count //uL (per mic	roliter)
	Direct Bilirubin mg/dL	
	AST U/L	
	ALTU/L	
	INR	
	BUN mg/dL	
	Creatinine mg/dL	
	A.	
_	Underlying Diagnoses (check	call that apply)
AIDS	Hyperemesis Gravidarum	Short Bowel Syndrome
Esophageal Atresia	Gastrointestinal Bypass for	Small bowel stoma Yes No
Intestinal Atresia	Obesity	Colonic Stoma Yes No
Gastroschisis	Mesenteric Ischemia	Large bowel in continuity with small bowel
Crohn's Disease	Mitochondrial Disorder	Yes No
Cystic Fibrosis	Necrotizing Enterocolitis	Ileo-cecal valve present Yes No Length of remaining small bowel in
Gastrointestinal Cancer	Neurological Swallowing Disorder	continuity
Gastromotility/Pseudo-	Non-Crohns Inflammatory	Length of remaining large bowel in
bstruction disorder	Bowel Disease	continuity cm
Gynecological tumor	Pancreatitis/Pancreatic	Bowel measurement technique (before any
Hirchsprung's Disease	Insufficiency	lengthening procedure:
		At time of surgery

	proced If y Le	Radiographically
● Reas	on for Parenteral Nutrition (check all the	at apply)
Active Inflammatory Bowel Disease Bowel dysmotility Chemotherapy Associated GI Dysfunction Congenital Bowel Defect (Intestinal Atresia) Gastrointestinal Fistula Gastrointestinal Obstruction	Gastroschisis Associated	Non-Short Bowel Diarrhea/Malabsorption Pancreatitis Radiation Enteritis Short Bowel Syndrome Other Please specify:
Goals of PN therapy (check all that apply):	Weight gain Weight maintenance Weight loss (for the Gastric Bypass patien Future surgery and re-establishment of G Indefinite (permanent) HPN Resolution of GI issue and stopping HPN	
Physical Disabilities (check all that apply):	Visual Impairment Hearing Deficit Dexterity Impairment Mobility Impairment Other Please specify:	

Baseline PN Formula/Medication/Nutrient Intake

_	Daily
PN Infusion (check each day that PN infused) Total volume in ml Total Dextrose in g Total Protein as Amino Acids in in g Cyc	Sunday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday per day or
IV Fat Emulsion (check each day that fat emulsion infused)	_ Daily Sunday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday g per day or g/kg/day Soybean/Safflower Soybean only Emulsion containing Omega-3 fatty acids

		Check Medic	cations (Ch	neck all that apply)		
		ents gents S Orugs	apply)	Antacids and Adsorbents Antidiarrhea Agents Antiflatulents Cathartics and Laxatives Cholelitholytic Agents Digestants Emetics Antiemetics Lipotropic Agents Antiulcer Agents and Acidessants Prokinetic Agents Anti-inflammatory Agents	Sub	Hormones and Synthetic stitutes Pain Medications Vitamins (Other than PN) Ethanol lock
	● Food/Diet (Che		What % cal What type of Liquids of Food an Restricted Ad lib	current enteral nutrition lories come from enteral: of enteral formula is the patient on? Nation or oral rehydration only d/or beverages for comfort only ed/therapeutic diet ition, what % calories come from oral?	ame of p	product:
Lumen: Singl			-	umen		

How often is dressing changed?(please select) Daily, QOD, 3 x week, Weekly
Who is changing dressings? (please select) Patient Caregiver Both Visiting Nurse
Baseline Psychosocial –no critical elements on this form

Baseline Functional Status - no critical elements on this form